### METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



# PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2019 PRIMARY 6 SCIENCE

#### **BOOKLET A**

Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour 45 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so.

Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Shade your answers in the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS) provided.

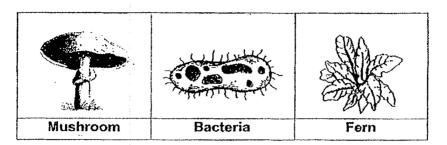
Name:	(	)
Class: Primary 6		
Date: 22 August 2019		

This booklet consists of 18 printed pages including this page.

For each question from 1 to 28, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval on the Optical Answer Sheet (OAS).

[56 marks]

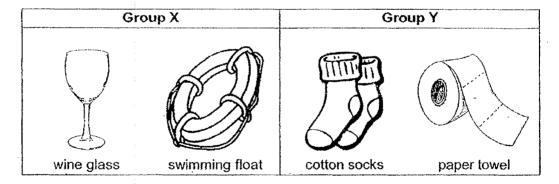
#### 1 Study the three organisms as shown below.



Which statement is correct?

- (1) They can make food.
- (2) They respond to changes.
- (3) They reproduce by spores.
- (4) They can break down dead matter.

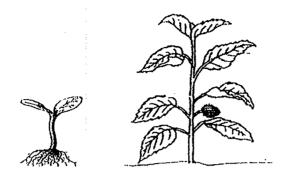
#### 2 Study the classification table below.



Which of the following properties are used to classify the objects into Group X and Group Y?

	Group X	Group Y
(1)	Stiff and float in water	Flexible and absorbent
(2)	Strong and float in water	Break easily and sink in water
(3)	Waterproof and strong	Absorbent and flexible
(4)	Transparent and stiff	Opaque and flexible

3 The diagram below shows a seedling and its adult plant.



Which one of the following statements is not true?

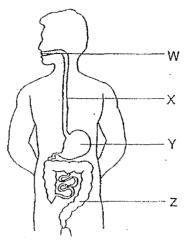
- (1) Both have strong stems.
- (2) Both cannot bear flowers.
- (3) Both can make their own food.
- (4) The adult plant bears fruits but not the seedling.
- 4 Gopal observed two insects, S and T, and recorded his observations below.

Characteristics	Insect S	Insect T
It has three body parts	✓	<b>V</b>
Part of its life cycle is spent in water	✓	
The young resembles the adult		<b>✓</b>

Which of the following insects did Gopal observe?

	Insect S	Insect T
(1)	mosquito	cockroach
(2)	dragonfly	mosquito
(3)	frog	dragonfly
(4)	butterfly	grasshopper

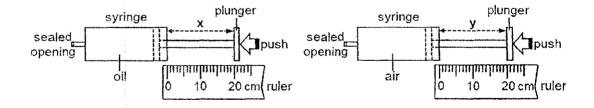
The diagram below shows the different organs, W, X, Y and Z, of a human digestive system.



What of the following shows the correct function for each organ?

	Food is further digested into a soupy mix	Food is broken into smaller substances	Water is removed from the undigested food	Partially digested food moves into the stomach
(1)	Υ	W	X	Z
(2)	Z	W	Y	X
(3)	Y	W	Z	X
(4)	X	Y	Z	W

Joshua used two identical syringes for an experiment. One syringe was filled with 50 cm³ of oil while the other was filled with 50 cm³ of air.

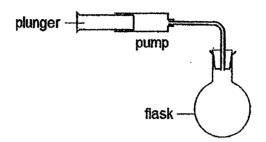


He pushed each plunger as hard as he could and measured distance  ${\bf x}$  and distance  ${\bf y}$ .

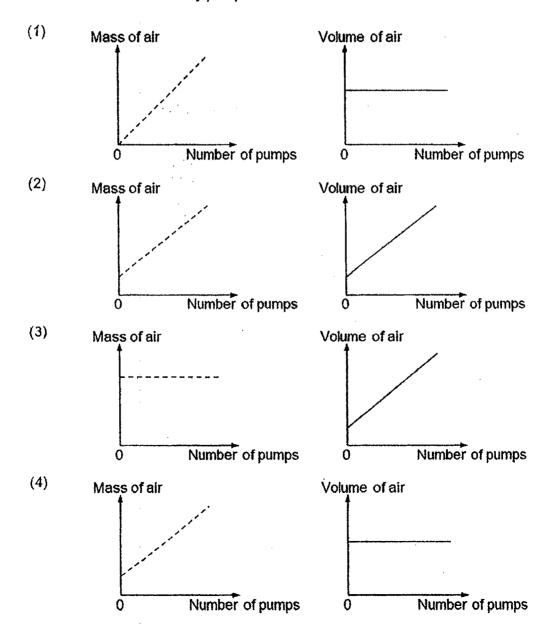
Which of the following shows the correct values of x and y?

	x (cm)	y (cm)
(1)	0	10
(2)	5	20
(3)	10	0
(4)	20	5

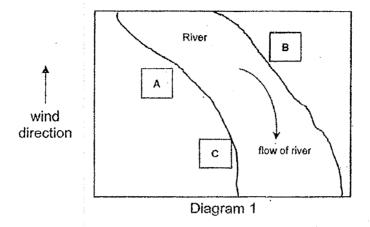
A pump was connected to a flask as shown below. It was able to pump 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of air into the flask each time the plunger was pushed in completely.



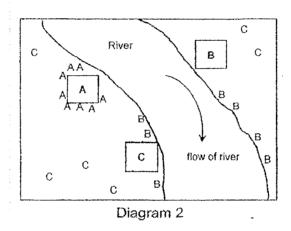
Which of the following pair of graphs show the mass and volume of the air in the flask as air was continually pumped into the flask?



Three different types of flowering plants, A, B and C, were growing in fields near a river as shown in Diagram 1.



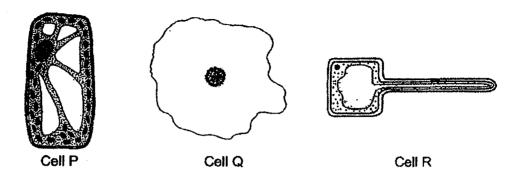
A few years later, more of each plant, A, B and C, were found growing in the fields as shown in Diagram 2.



What are the likely characteristics of the fruits of plants A, B and C, which helped them to disperse their seeds?

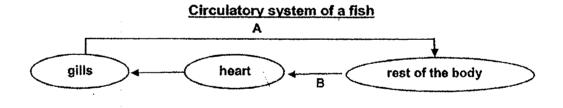
Plant A		Plant A Plant B		
(1)	fleshy and edible	splits open when ripe	hook-like structures	
(2)	splits open when ripe	waterproof covering	wing-like structure	
(3)	splits open when ripe	fibrous husk	fleshy and edible	
(4)	fibrous husk	fleshy and edible	wlng-like structure	

9 The diagram below shows three cells, P, Q and R.

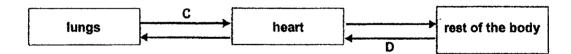


Which one of the following statements is true?

- (1) Cell Q and Cell R are animal cells.
- (2) Cell P and Cell R have no fixed shapes.
- (3) Cell P and Cell R can make food for the plant.
- (4) Cell P, Cell Q and Cell R can control the substances that enter or leave them.
- The diagrams below show how gases are transported in the circulatory systems of a fish and a man.



#### Circulatory system of a man

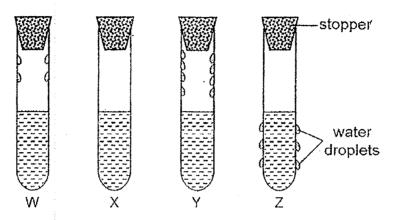


Which of the following correctly describe the blood vessels A, B, C and D?

	Blood rich in oxygen	Blood rich in carbon dloxide		
(1)	A and C	B and D		
(2)	A and B	C and D		
(3)	<u> </u>			
(4)	B and C	A and D		

11 Kaylie conducted an experiment in the laboratory. She filled four identical test tubes, W, X, Y and Z with the same volume of water at different temperatures. Then she covered the test tubes with identical stoppers.

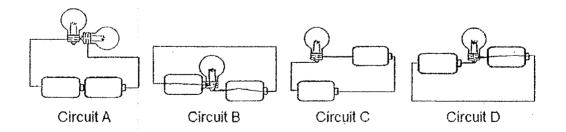
The diagram below shows Kaylie's observation after five minutes.



Which one of the following shows how the temperature of water arranged from the highest to the lowest?

#### Highest → Lowest

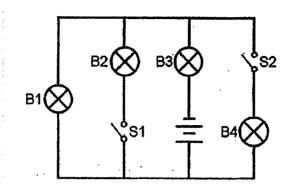
- (1) X, W, Y, Z
- $(2) \qquad \qquad Y, W, X, Z$
- (3) Y, Z, W, X
- (4) Z, X, W, Y
- 12 Study the four circuits in which identical bulbs and batteries are connected as shown below.



In which circuits would the bulb(s) light up?

- (1) A and B
- (2) A and C
- (3) B and D
- (4) C and D

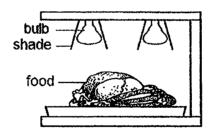
Four bulbs, B1, B2, B3 and B4, were connected in a circuit with two switches, S1 and S2. All the components were working properly.



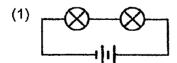
Which of the following is correct?

	Switches			Did the bu	b light up?	,
	S1	\$2	B1	B2	B3	B4
(1)	closed	closed	yes	no	yes	yes
(2)	closed	open	no	yes	yes	no
(3)	open	closed	no	no	yes	yes
(4)	open	open	yes	no	yes	no

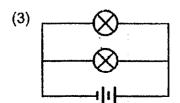
A restaurant uses a portable food warmer to keep food hot. The warmer has two identical bulbs which give out more heat when they are brighter.

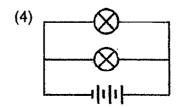


Which of the following circuits should be used such that food will be kept the warmest?

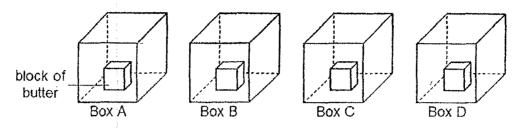




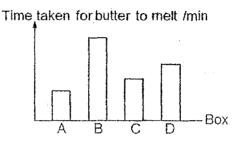




A block of butter was placed in each of the four boxes, A, B, C and D. The boxes are identical in size and made up of different materials of equal thickness.



The graph below shows the time taken for the block of butter in each box to melt completely.



Based on the results, which box is the most suitable for keeping the butter?

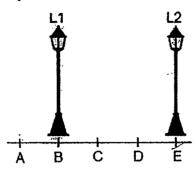
- (1) A
- (2) B
- (3) C
- (4) D
- Clarice heated a beaker of pure water and measured its temperature. The table below shows the results of the experiment.

Time / min	Temperature / °C
0 30	
2	50
4	70
6	90
8	?

What is the temperature of the beaker of water at the 8th minute?

- (1) 90 °C
- (2) 100 °C
- (3) 110°C
- (4) 120 °C

Siti was walking along a path, from A to E, with two lamps, L1 and L2, placed at 17 position B and E respectively.

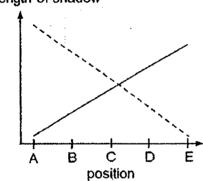


Which one of the following graphs shows how the length of her shadows changed?

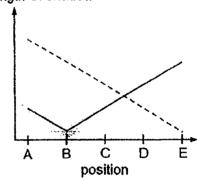
Legend:

Shadow caused by L1
Shadow caused by L2

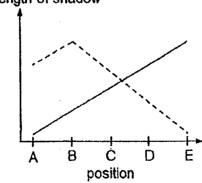
(1) Length of shadow



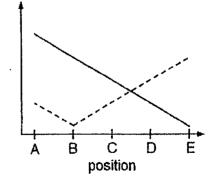
(2) Length of shadow



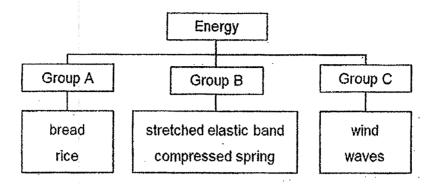
(3) Length of shadow



(4)Length of shadow



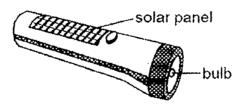
18 Study the classification chart below.



Which of the following are suitable headings for groups A, B and C?

	Α	В	С
(1)	heat energy	kinetic energy	chemical potential energy
(2)	chemical potential energy	heat energy	sound energy
(3)	sound energy	chemical potential energy	heat energy
(4)	chemical potential energy	elastic potential energy	kinetic energy

The diagram below shows a solar powered torch. The solar panel traps energy from the sun and stores it in the cell.



Which one of the following correctly shows the energy conversion when the torch is switched on?

- (1) Solar energy → light energy → heat energy
- (2) Solar energy → electrical energy → light energy + heat energy
- (3) Potential energy → electrical energy → light energy + heat energy
- (4) Potential energy → solar energy → light energy → heat energy

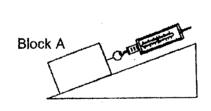
Five bell jars, each containing a similar plant with the same number of leaves, were set up according to different set of conditions as shown in the table below.

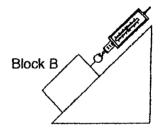
Condition -	Set-up				<del></del>
	1	2	3.	4	5
100 ml of water	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Presence of sunlight	No	Yes	No	No	Yes
Presence of oxygen	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Presence of carbon dioxide	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

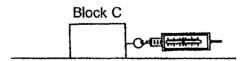
Which pair of set-ups is the most appropriate to show that sunlight is needed for photosynthesis?

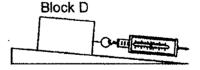
- (1) Set-ups 1 and 2
- (2) Set-ups 1 and 5
- (3) Set-ups 3 and 4
- (4) Set-ups 3 and 5

21 Ali used a spring balance to pull four blocks, A, B, C and D, along four similar surfaces in his experiment below. The blocks are of similar sizes and made of same material.





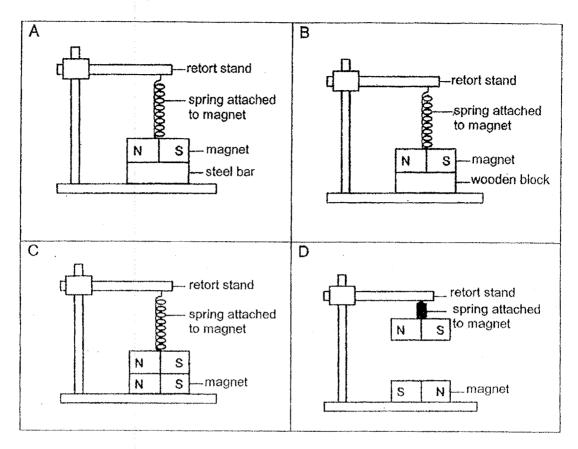




If the spring balance shows the same readings for all the blocks, which block has the smallest mass?

- (1) Block A
- (2) Block B
- (3) Block C
- (4) Block D

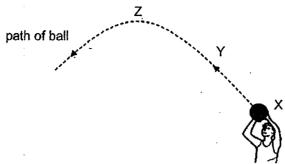
#### 22 Study the four set-ups below.



Which of the above arrangement(s) of the magnets is/are possible?

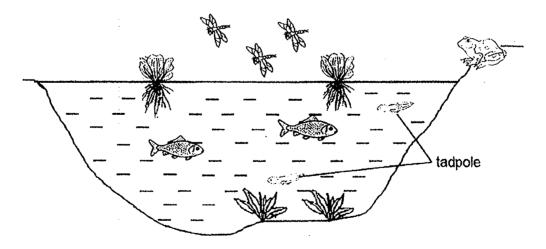
- (1) A only
- (2) A and B only
- (3) C and D only
- (4) A, B, C and D

Joshua threw a basketball at X and it moved along the path as shown in the diagram below.



#### Which statements are not true?

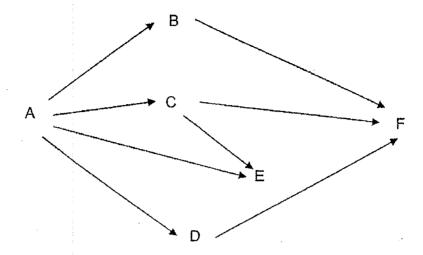
- A At X, there is no force acting on the basketball.
- B At Y, there is gravitational attraction between the basketball and the Earth.
- C At Z, the basketball started to fall as there was no more force acting on it.
- D The gravitational force acting on the basketball does not change from point X to Z.
- (1) A and C only
- (2) B and D only
- (3) A, B and C only
- (4) A, B, C and D
- 24 The diagram below shows a pond habitat.



How many populations of producers and consumers are present in this habitat?

	Number of populations of				
	producers	consumers			
(1)	2	3 .			
(2)	2	4			
(3)	4	3			
(4)	4	8			

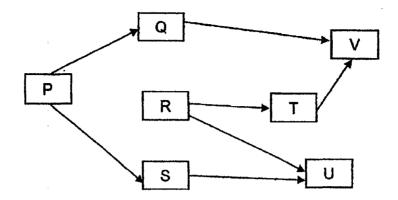
#### 25 Study the food web as shown below.



Which of the following statements about the food web are true?

- A Organism D and F are both preys and predators.
- B There are three plant-eaters and one animal-eater.
- C Organism E gets its energy directly from organisms A and C.
- D All the energy in organism B is transferred to organism F.
- (1) A and D only
- (2) B and C only
- (3) A, B and C only
- (4) B, C and D only

26 Study the food web shown below.



If the population of organism R decreases, which of the following populations will be most affected?

- (1) Q
- (2) S
- (3) T
- (4) U

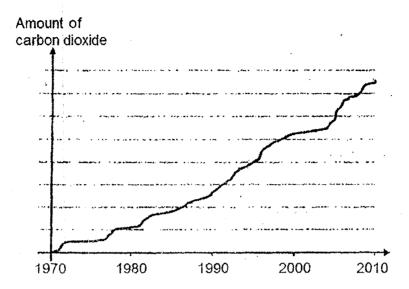
27 A praying mantis has several adaptations which help to protect it from predators.



What are some of these structural adaptations?

- A It spreads its forelegs to appear bigger.
- B It has feelers which help it to detect danger.
- C It fans its wings to appear more threatening.
- D It blends in with the surroundings to hide from its predators.
- (1) B and D only
- (2) A, B and D only
- (3) A, C and D only
- (4) A, B, C and D

The graph below shows how the amount of carbon dioxide in the air has changed over the years in a country from 1970 to 2010.



Which of the following is/are effect(s) of the trend shown in the graph above?

- A flood
- B acid rain
- C soil erosion
- D deforestation
- (1) A only
- (2) A and B only
- (3) B, C and D only
- (4) A, C and D only

End of Booklet A

# METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



# PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2019 PRIMARY 6 SCIENCE

#### **BOOKLET B1**

Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour 45 minutes

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so. Follow all instructions carefully.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in this booklet.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_( )
Class: Primary 6.\_\_\_\_

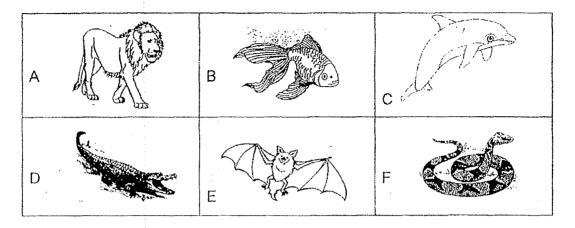
Date: 22 August 2019

Booklet A	56
Booklet B1	22
Booklet B2	22
Total	100
Parent's Signature	

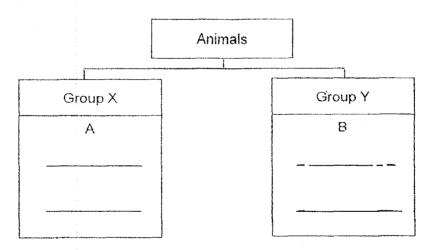
This booklet consists of 9 printed pages including this page.

For questions 29 to 34, write your answers in the spaces provided. The number of marks available is shown in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. [22 marks]

29 Study the animals as shown below.



(a) Animals A and B have been grouped under Group X and Group Y respectively as shown below. Classify animals C to F in the chart below respectively. [2]

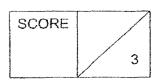


(b)	Suggest suitable headings based on your answer in (a)	
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[1]

Group X:

Group Y:



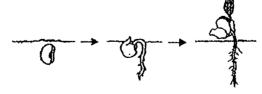
The table below shows some characteristics of flowers from two plants, F and G.

Plant F	Plant G
Large brightly coloured petals	Small dull coloured petals
Long stigma	Short stigma
One ovule in ovary	Many ovules in ovary

The diagram below shows a fruit formed from one of the plants. It is cut into half as shown below.

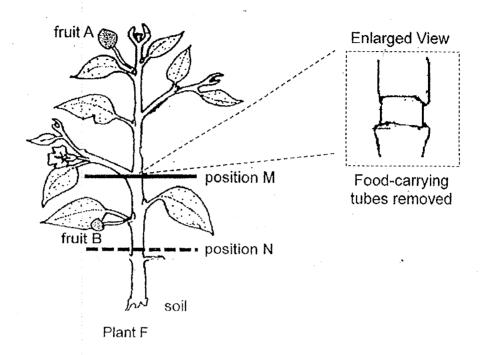


Which plant,	F or G, is the frui	it most likely tał	cen from? Expla	in your answer,	



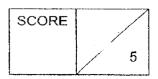
(c)	What are the conditions necessary for it to take place?					

A farmer conducted an experiment using plant F. He removed an outer ring of the stem at position M as shown in the diagram below. The food-carrying tubes were removed while the water carrying tubes remained in the stem.

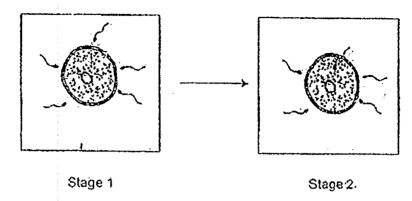


(d) The farmer observed that after two weeks, fruit A grew bigger than fruit B. Suggest why fruit A was bigger. [1]

(e) The farmer then made a deeper cut at position N and removed the water-carrying tubes. He observed that the plant wilted after some time. Suggest a possible reason.



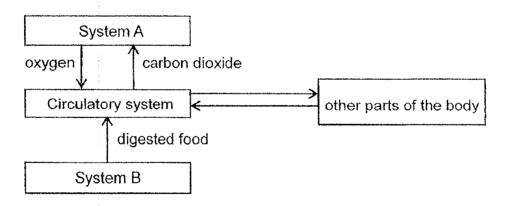
### 31 The diagram below shows a life process occurring in a female body.



(a) Describe what happens during the process.

[1]

The flow of substances between different body systems in a human being can be represented by the diagram below.



(b) What are systems A and B?

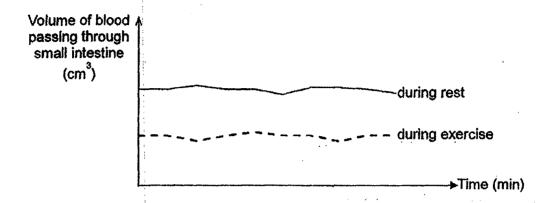
[1]

System A: \_\_\_\_ system

System B: \_\_\_\_ system

SCORE 2

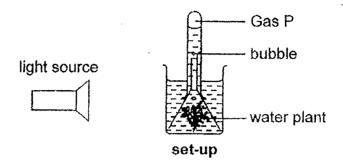
The graph below shows the volume of blood passing through the small intestine during rest and exercise over a period of time.



(c)	Using the graph above, explain how exercising after a meal at digested food in the small intestine.	fects the absorption of [2]
	:	

SCORE	
	2

Muthu wanted to find out how light affects the number of bubbles produced by a water plant. He placed a lamp at different distances from set-up and counted the number of bubbles produced per minute.

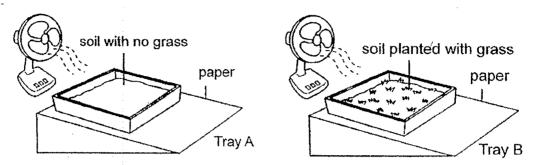


His results are shown below.

Distance of lamp from set-up (cm)	25	20	15	10	5
Number of bubbles per minute	10	15	20	25	25

		results, what is the relationship betwee d the rate of photosvnthesis? Explain yo	•
Nar	ne Gas P. How	v was it produced?	[:
	thu prepared a	another set-up as above without the light	source. Explain the purpos

Lily conducted an experiment with two trays containing the same amount of soil as shown below. A patch of grass was placed in Tray B but not Tray A. She left each tray at equal distance in front of a fan. After two hours, she recorded the amount of soil particles collected on the paper under each tray.



After the experiment, she concluded that there was more soil particles collected on the paper under Tray A than Tray B.

(a)	Give a reason	why there v	vas more	soil particles	collected	on the pape	runder	Tray A
	than Tray B.							[1]

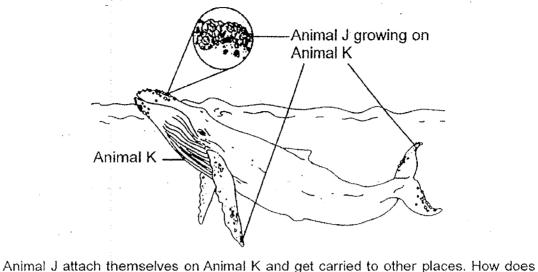
The diagram below shows a road winding around a highland in a country.



- (b) Based on the experiment in (a), explain clearly how growing plants on the slope can prevent soil erosion. [1]
- (c) Suggest another negative impact if all the plants on the slope of the highland are cut down. [1]



Animal J is a small animal with hard shell and it can be found on rocks. Some of them attach themselves to the skin of Animal K and form thick crusts on its head, tail and flippers as shown below.



being carried to other places benefit Animal J?

(b) Animal K sometimes defends itself by striking its head, flippers or tail at its predators. How is the presence of Animal J an advantage to Animal K?

[1]

(c) Explain how the body shape of Animal K can help in its survival.

SCORE	
	3

(a)

#### METHODIST GIRLS' SCHOOL

Founded in 1887



# PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2019 PRIMARY 6 SCIENCE

**BOOKLET B2** 

Total Time for Booklets A and B: 1 hour 45 minutes

### **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

Do not turn over this page until you are told to do so. Follow all instructions carefully.

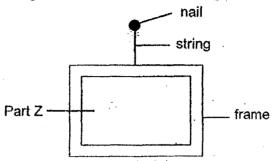
Answer all questions.

Name:	:	(	)
Class: Primary 6	•		
Date: 22 August	t 2019	•	

Booklet B2 22

For questions 35 to 40, write your answers in the spaces provided. The number of marks available is shown in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. [22 marks]

Morgan wanted to frame some photos and hang them onto the wall for display. Each frame has a mass of 150g and he had to attach a string to it so that he could hang it.



To find suitable strings for his frames, Morgan carried out an experiment. He kept adding loads onto each string, A, B, C and D, until it broke. The strings were of equal length but made of different materials.

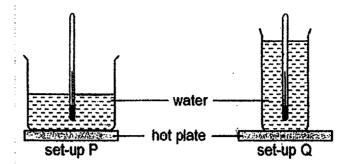
His results are as shown in the table below.

String	Amount of loads hung onto string before it broke (g)
Α	130
В	190
C	80
D	220

(a)	Which strings sl answer.	nould Morgan chose to hang his picture frames? Give a reason for	r you [1
			<del></del>
(b)	What property reason for your	of material is suitable for making part Z of the photo frame? G answer.	 Give (1

SCORE 2

36 Mei Li set up an experiment with two setups, P and Q, as shown.



Two beakers of different sizes, filled with equal amount of water at room temperature, were heated on identical hot plates for two minutes.

(a)	In which setup,	P or Q,	would the thermometer record a higher reading?	Explain	your
	answer.				[1]

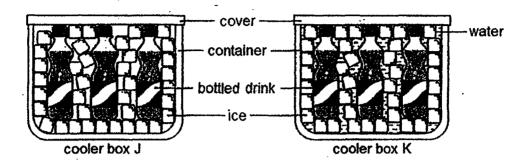
(b)	Mei Li observed that there was less water left in set-up P at the end of the expe	eriment.
	Explain the observation.	[1]

Mei Li watched a documentary film featuring animal H which lived in a hot desert with temperature of up to 60 °C. It lifted up its front leg and opposite hind leg on an alternate basis.



(c)	How does this adaptation help animal H to keep itself cool in the hot desert?	[1]

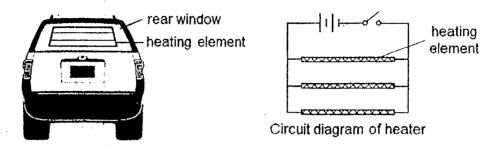
Mei Li filled two identical cooler boxes, J and K, with the same number of bottled drinks and same mass of ice cubes as shown below. Then she filled cooler box K with tap water but left cooler box J as it was.



(d) Mei Li found that the bottled drinks in cooler box K were colder than those in cooler box J. Explain the observation. [1]

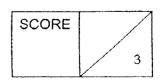
SCORE 4

37 The diagram below shows the heater of a car and its circuit diagram. When the heater is switched on, it helps to clear mist formed on the rear window and prevent mist from forming.



	!				
Explain how on.	the heater preve	nts forming of r	mist on the re	ar window wh	en it is si

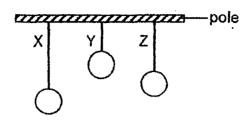
energy of the circuit



energy in heating element

energy of car battery

Jim set up an experiment as shown below. He hung three balls of the same mass, X, Y and Z, from the same type of strings from a pole above a tray of sand.



# *Variable in the control of the sand*

Tim cut the strings and measured the depth of depression, d, made by each ball in the sand.



The results were as shown in the table below.

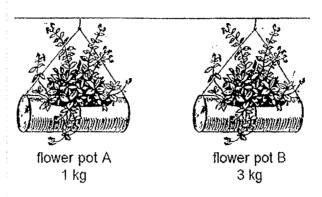
	Depth of depression, d (cm)				
Ball	First reading	Second reading	Third reading		
	3.2	3.5	3.3		
	4.9	5.1	5.0		
	0.9	1.1	1.2		

(a)	Fill in the table above to show the results for balls X and Z.	[1]
(a)	I is if the table above to show the results for balls in the L.	1 1 1

(b)	Why did ball Y make the deepest depression? Explain your answer	in (a) in terms of
	energy conversion.	[2]

(c) Why were balls of the same mass used in the experiment? [1]

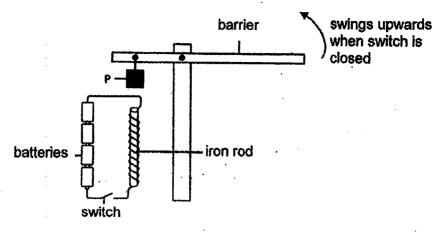
Jim saw two flower pots, A and B, hanging from the ceiling at the common corridor outside his neighbour's house.



(d)		pot, A or B, would drop to the	e ground with a greater imp	act? Explain y	our/
	answer.			•	[1]

SCORE 5

39 Mr Tan used the set-up below to show how a carpark barrier works.

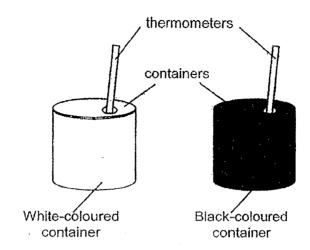


The carpark barrier remains in a balanced position when the switch is open as shown above. However, the barrier will swing upwards when the switch is closed.

why the carpark b	parrier swings upwards after the switch is closed.	1
<u> </u>		
•		
ppens if the iron	rod is replaced by a copper rod? Explain your answer	
	rod to replaced by a copper rod? Explain your arrows.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
•		
·		
one change to the	ne set-up to decrease the speed of the carpark barrier.	
	ppens if the iron	ppens if the iron rod is replaced by a copper rod? Explain your answer.

SCORE	
	4



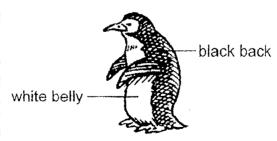


He painted the two containers with different colours and placed them under the sun. He recorded the temperature of the air inside each container at the start and after five hours in the table below.

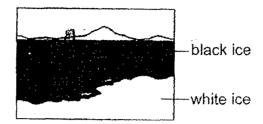
Colour of container	White	Black
Initial Temperature (°C)	28	28
Final Temperature (°C)	35	40

(a)	Based on	Jerry's	table,	explain	how	the	colour	of	the	container	affects	the	final
	temperatur	e of the	air in i	t.									[1]

(b) Based on the results in (a), explain why having black back is an advantage for Animal P. [1]



Air pollution has caused some black carbon to be deposited on ice. This has resulted in the ice turning black in the Polar Regions as shown in the diagram below.



c)	Based on the above results and information, explain how this would reduce population size of Animal P staying in the Polar Regions.								
		:							
						·····			

SCORE	
	4

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MGS PRIMARYSCHOOL

LEVEL

PRIMARY 6

**SUBJECT:** 

SCIENCE

TERM

**2019 PRELIM** 

# SECTION A

Q 1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10
2	3	2	1	3	4	4	3	4	1 .
Q 11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17	Q18	Q19	Q20
2	3	4	4	2	2	2	4	3	4
Q 21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28		
2	2	1	1	2	3	1	1		

# Methodist Girls' School (Primary) P6 Preliminary Examination 2019 Answer Key (For Students) Section B1 & B2

Qn.	Acceptable Answers
29a	Group X: A, C, E Group Y: B, D, F
29b	Group X: Have hair/ Reproduce by giving birth
	Group Y: Have scales/ Reproduce by laying eggs
30a	By animals because Plant F has large brightly-coloured petals that attract insects/ birds/ pollinators.
30b	Plant G, the fruit has many seeds which are developed from the ovules of its flower.
30c	Germination requires air/ oxygen, water/ moisture and warmth.
30d	More food was made by more leaves above position M and it was transported to fruit A.
30e	The farmer remove the water- carrying tubes so the water absorbed by the roots could not be
	transported to the leaves for making food/ life processes/ survival.
31a	Fertilization occurs when the sperm and egg fuse together.
31b	System A: Respiratory
	System B: Digestive
31c	During exercise, more blood is pumped to other parts of the body, less blood passes through the
	small intestine so less digested food can be absorbed by the blood (which slows down the rate of
	digestion).
32a	The greater/ shorter the distance of lamp from the water plant, the lower/ higher the rate of
32b	photosynthesis.  Oxygen. The water plant produced oxygen when it trapped light energy to make food during
320	photosynthesis.
32c	It acts as a control set-up to prove/ compare & confirm that the results/ number of bubbles produced
020	is due to the presence of light source.
33a	There were no roots of the grass to hold the soil together in Tray A so soil was being blown away
	more easily as compared to Tray B.
33b	The roots of the plants will hold the soil particles together, preventing soil erosion/landslide.
33c	
34a	Animal J can find more food / find food more easily as Animal K moves to different places/
	protection/hide/escape from predators
34b	The thick crusts formed by Animal J serves as an armour/ weapon to help Animal K injure its
	predators/ other animals.
34c	The body shape of Animal K helps it to swim quickly in/through water to hunt for its prey/ to escape
	from its predators.
35a	
35b	
00-	can be seen.
36a	
36b	than in set-up Q.  The water in set-up P has a bigger exposed surface area, the higher rate of evaporation caused more
300	water to evaporate and less water left.
36c	
36d	
300	box K lost heat faster to cooled water/ water and ice and thus had lower temperature.
37a	
37b	11 101
	vapour cannot condense on the rear window /The absence of cooler surface prevents condensation.
	So no mist will be formed.
L	

37d	(chem poter		Electrical -	heat						
	energy of c	ar battery e	nergy of the circuit	energy in heat	ing element					
38a										
		Dep	th of depression, d	(cm)						
	Ball	First reading	Second reading	Third reading						
	Z	3.2	3.5	3.3						
	Y	4.9	5.1	5.0						
	X	0.9	1.1	1.2	]					
38b	When Y was hung the highest above the sand, it possessed the most (gravitational) potential energy.  When the string was cut, the potential energy was converted to kinetic energy as it was falling. Y had the most kinetic energy before it hit the sand and made the deepest depression.									
38c	To ensure the mass of	he depth of dep the ball.	ression was due to	the height at wi	hich the ball was hung and not due to					
38d					ore (gravitational) potential energy.					
39a	When the switch is closed, electric current flows through the circuit, the Iron rod becomes an electromagnet /becomes magnetised and attracted Object P downwards. This caused the barrier to swing upwards.									
39b	The copper rod cannot not be an electromagnet / magnetised as it is a non-magnetic material so the set-up will not work.									
39c	Reduce the	number of turn	s of the coil around	the rod. / Redu	ce the number of batteries.					
40a	The final temperature of the air inside the black container is higher/ greater the air inside the white container as black colour absorbs/ gains more heat than white colour.									
40b	The black be	ack is able to a	bsorb/ gain more he	eat from the Sur	n to keep Animal P warmer.					
40c	The black ice will gain more heat/ heat faster than the white ice and melt faster, causing the sea level to rise. This causes the loss of ice and breeding ground for Animal P to lay their eggs so the population of the penguins will decrease.									